9.—Total Revenue and Expenditure for Life Insurance Transacted by Canadian Companies under Federal Registration and Revenue and Expenditure in Canada for Life Insurance Transacted by British and Foreign Companies under Federal Registration, 1955-57 -concluded.

| Revenue and Expenditure  | 1955          | 1956        | 1957        |
|--|---------------|-------------|-------------|
|  | Ş             | \$          | \$          |
| Canadian Companies—concluded   |               |             |             |
| Analysis of Increase in Surplus— Excess of revenue over expenditure. Net capital gain on investments. Other credits to surplus (net). Net increase in special reserves or funds. Special increase in actuarial reserve. Dividends to shareholders. Increase in surplus (policyholders and shareholders). | 50, 283, 981  | 54,123,392  | 61,069,924  |
|  | 9, 978, 060   | 5,708,517   | 4,798,409   |
|  | 6, 283, 794   | -1,811,073  | 2,127,755   |
|  | -1, 675, 318  | -13,755,598 | —28,860,663 |
|  | -15, 333, 472 | -10,904,848 | —3,259,569  |
|  | -3, 183, 891  | -3,403,835  | —3,507,576  |
|  | 46, 353, 154  | 29,956,555  | 32,368,280  |
| British Companies  |               |             |             |
| Revenue in Canada.  Insurance premiums and annuity considerations.  Investment income.  Sundry items.  | 50,399,004    | 58,304,361  | 62,466,080  |
|  | 40,447,928    | 46,651,341  | 48,692,259  |
|  | 9,239,343     | 11,043,121  | 13,165,407  |
|  | 711,733       | 609,899     | 608,414     |
| Expenditure in Canada.  Claims incurred.  Taxes, licences and fees Commissions and general expenses.  Other expenditure.  Dividends to policyholders.  | 20,757,514    | 27,410,445  | 28,758,047  |
|  | 10,631,587    | 14,396,371  | 14,789,551  |
|  | 391,801       | 439,636     | 508,811     |
|  | 6,874,757     | 8,330,419   | 10,330,293  |
|  | 467,397       | 766,102     | 660,137     |
|  | 2,391,972     | 3,477,917   | 2,469,255   |
| Foreign Companies  |               |             |             |
| Revenue in Canada.  Insurance premiums and annuity considerations.  Investment income.  Sundry items.  | 218,858,547   | 235,823,146 | 257,743,120 |
|  | 164,267,699   | 176,614,651 | 191,044,136 |
|  | 45,868,654    | 49,989,480  | 57,021,447  |
|  | 8,722,194     | 9,219,015   | 9,677,537   |
| Expenditure in Canada Claims incurred. Taxes, licences and fees Commissions and general expenses. Other expenditure. Dividends to policyholders.   | 147,913,683   | 164,341,693 | 195,061,765 |
|  | 75,856,746    | 81,958,540  | 100,887,924 |
|  | 3,552,501     | 4,175,255   | 5,037,039   |
|  | 38,623,304    | 45,013,227  | 52,386,589  |
|  | 7,661,931     | 8,615,035   | 10,659,246  |
|  | 22,219,201    | 24,579,636  | 26,090,967  |

## Subsection 4.—Life Insurance Effected through Fraternal Benefit Societies

In addition to life insurance, some fraternal benefit societies grant other insurance benefits to members, notably sickness benefits, but these are relatively unimportant. Table 10 gives statistics of life insurance effected through fraternal benefit societies by Canadian members and Table 11 shows statistics of assets, liabilities, income and expenditure relating to all business of Canadian societies and to the business in Canada of foreign societies. The rates charged by these societies are computed to be sufficient to provide the benefits granted, having regard for actuarial principles. The benefit funds of each society must be valued annually by a qualified actuary (Fellow, by examination, of the Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain, of the Faculty of Actuaries in Scotland, or of the Society of Actuaries) and a readjustment of rates or benefits must be made, unless the actuary certifies to the solvency of each fund. The first sections of Tables 10 and 11 relate to the 16 Canadian societies registered by the federal Department of Insurance. only one of which does not grant life insurance benefits.

Under an amendment to the Insurance Act, effective Jan. 1, 1920, all foreign fraternal benefit societies were required to obtain authority from the Federal Government prior to transacting business in Canada. However, any such societies which at that date were transacting business under provincial licences, though forbidden to accept new members,